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| PPLICATION NO. | · FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 10/620,243 | 07/15/2003 | Hans Jacobsen | JACO0002 | 8919 |
| 7: | 590 08/31/2005 | | EXAM | INER |
| LAW OFFICES OF RONALD M. ANDERSON | | | LE, HUNG CHARLIE | |
| Suite 507 | | · | | |
| 600-108th Avenue N.E. | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| Bellevue, WA 98004 | | | 3725 | |

DATE MAILED: 08/31/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | | () | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | | |
| Office Action Summer | 10/620,243 | JACOBSEN, HAN | IS | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | | |
| | Hung C. Le | 3725 | | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply | pears on the cover sheet v | vith the correspondence ac | ddress | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | | reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timel NTHS from the mailing date of this c | ly. communication. | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15. | July 2003. | | | | | | |
| | is action is non-final. | | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allows | ance except for formal ma | tters, prosecution as to the | e merits is | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under | Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C. | D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 46</u> is/are pending in the applicati | on. | | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra | awn from consideration. | | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | | |
| 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. | | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) 1 - 46 are subject to restriction and/o | or election requirement. | | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin | ier. | | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre | ction is required if the drawing | g(s) is objected to. See 37 Cl | FR 1.121(d). | | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E | Examiner. Note the attache | d Office Action or form P7 | ГО-152. | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | |
| 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig | n priority under 35 U.S.C. | § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | | |
| a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | • | | | | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documer | nts have been received. | | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documer | nts have been received in A | Application No | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the price | ority documents have beer | received in this National | Stage | | | | |
| application from the International Burea | au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | _ | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a lis | t of the certified copies no | t received. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | 🗖 | · | | | | | |
| Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | | Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date | | | | | |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 | 3) 5) 🔲 Notice of | Informal Patent Application (PTC | D-152) | | | | |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 6) Other: | <u></u> · | | | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1 36, drawn to an apparatus for use in metal forming, classified in class 072, subclass 389.8.
- II. Claims 37, drawn to a press brake for use in sheet metal forming, classified in class 72, subclass 481.9
- III. Claim 38, drawn to a bending die for use in sheet metal forming, classified in class 72, subclass 462
- IV. Claims 39 44, drawn to method for forming a work piece, classified in class 72, subclass 313.
- V. Claims 45 46, drawn to method for forming a channel in sheet metal
 using a press brake, classified in class 72, subclass 315.

Inventions I and II are related as combination and subcombination.

Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other

combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because "a plurality of rack gears". The subcombination has separate utility such as: Could be used in any press application.

Inventions I and III are related as combination and subcombination.

Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because: Does not required "a hinge". The subcombination has separate utility such as: Could be used in any sheet metal forming.

Inventions I and IV are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case: The apparatus can be made by a materially different process, such as that not utilizing one or more work pieces.

Inventions I and V are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case: The apparatus can be made by a materially different process, such as that not utilizing one or more channel in sheet metal

Inventions II and III are related as combination and subcombination.

Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because "a plurality of rack gears" and "a hinge". The subcombination has separate utility such as: Could be used in any sheet metal forming.

Inventions II and IV are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case The apparatus can be made by a materially different process, such as that not utilizing one or more work pieces.

Inventions II and V are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case: The apparatus can be made by a materially different process, such as that not utilizing one or more channel in sheet metal

Inventions III and IV are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case: The apparatus can be made by a materially different process, such as that not utilizing one or more work pieces.

Inventions III and V are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case: The apparatus can be made by a materially different process, such as that not utilizing one or more channel in sheet metal.

Inventions IV and V are related as combination and subcombination.

Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because: Does not require "Providing adjacent longitudinally extending, rotatable support surfaces". The subcombination has separate utility such as Could be used in any work piece.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hung C. Le whose telephone number is 571-272-8757. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 08:00am - 05:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Derris Banks can be reached on 571-272-4419. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

HCL 08/22/05

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